

Ve Perturbation theory for anharmonic oscillator

$$H = \frac{p^2}{2m} + \frac{1}{2} m \omega_0^2 x^2 + \frac{1}{4} \epsilon x^4$$

$$\Rightarrow \ddot{x} + \omega_0^2 x + \epsilon x^3 = 0$$

perturbative expansion  $x(t) = x_0(t) + \epsilon x_1(t) + \epsilon^2 x_2(t) + \dots$

$$\Rightarrow \ddot{x}_0(t) + \epsilon \ddot{x}_1(t) + \epsilon^2 \ddot{x}_2(t) + \omega_0^2 x_0(t) + \omega_0^2 \epsilon x_1(t) + \omega_0^2 \epsilon^2 x_2(t) + \epsilon x_0^3(t) + 3 \epsilon^2 x_0^2 x_1(t) + \mathcal{O}(\epsilon^3) = 0$$

$$\mathcal{O}(\epsilon^0): \ddot{x}_0 = -\omega_0^2 x_0$$

$$\mathcal{O}(\epsilon^1): \ddot{x}_1 + \omega_0^2 x_1 + x_0^3 = 0$$

initial conditions  $x(0) = a \Rightarrow \forall k > 0, x_k(0) = 0$   
 $\dot{x}(0) = 0 \Rightarrow \dot{x}_k(0) = 0$

$$\left. \begin{matrix} x_0(0) = a \\ \dot{x}_0(0) = 0 \end{matrix} \right\} \Rightarrow x_0 = a \cos \omega_0 t$$

$$\Rightarrow \ddot{x}_1 + \omega_0^2 x_1 = a^3 \cos^2 \omega_0 t = -\frac{3}{4} a^3 \cos \omega_0 t - \frac{1}{4} a^3 \cos 3\omega_0 t$$

$\Rightarrow$  parametric resonance  $\Rightarrow$  amplitude will diverge for  $t \rightarrow \infty$

Solution  $x_1(t) = \frac{-a^3}{\beta \omega_0^2} (3\omega_0 t \sin \omega_0 t + \frac{1}{4} \cos \omega_0 t - \frac{1}{4} \cos 3\omega_0 t)$

Reason for divergence true frequency  $\omega = \omega_0 + \Delta\omega$   
expand  $\cos((\omega_0 + \Delta\omega)t) = \cos \omega_0 t - \Delta\omega t \sin \omega_0 t$   
↑  
diverges